

TEST

6

C

Rewrite the following sentences using the POSSESSIVE FORM of the underlined words.

EXAMPLE : *The pencil belonging to the boy rolled under the desk.*

The boy's pencil rolled under the desk.

(7) The house of his friend stood majestically at the top of the hill.

His friend's house stood majestically at the top of the hill.

(8) The rings belonging to the ladies are worth several thousand dollars.

The ladies' rings are worth several thousand dollars.

(4 marks)

D

Rewrite the following sentences using the PASSIVE VOICE.

EXAMPLE : *The students wrote letters.*

Letters were written by the students.

(9) The doctor is examining the patient.

The patient is being examined by the doctor.

(10) They gave her a beautiful bouquet of flowers.

She was given a beautiful bouquet of flowers by them.

(6 marks)

E

Write the correct form of the **VERB** in brackets to complete each sentence.

EXAMPLE : *The soldier rested for fifteen minutes. (rest)*

- (11) Although I had *written* to him, I did not expect a reply. (write)
- (12) Who *took* the novel from my bag? (take)
- (13) He always *gives (or gave)* a detailed financial account of the company. (give)

(6 marks)

F

Replace the **CONTRACTIONS** in brackets with their expanded forms to complete the following sentences.

EXAMPLE : *David (can't) swim very well. (cannot)*

- (14) I (couldn't) do it even if I tried. *could not*
- (15) (I've) spent most of my money already. *I have*
- (16) Although we begged, he said that he (won't) swim in the deep water. *will not*

(3 marks)

G

Underline the PREPOSITION in each of the following sentences.

EXAMPLE : *The ball rolled under the table.*

- (17) The children are running around the room.
- (18) We had a picnic outside City Hall.
- (19) I love animals since I was small.

(3 marks)

H

Write the CORRECT form of the word in brackets to complete the following sentences.

EXAMPLE: *The person who can jump the farthest is the winner. (far)*

- (20) The girl dances *most gracefully* of all. (graceful)
- (21) Last year he had an accident; now he drives *more carefully* than before.
(careful)
- (22) Of all the workers I know, Roxy works the *hardest* of all. (hard)

(6 marks)

SECTION II - VOCABULARY/SPELLING/PUNCTUATION

A

In the spaces below, write the appropriate form of the word in CAPITAL LETTERS to correctly complete each sentence. Remember to spell correctly.

EXAMPLE : *TOUR* The tourists enjoyed the Bird Sanctuary.

- (23) RAG A poor , *ragged* man came calling at our gate, begging for assistance.
- (24) COLLECT The villagers took up a *collection* to assist the flood victims.

(4 marks)

B

In each of the following sentences, there is a word that is underlined. Replace each underlined word by using another word or phrase that is SIMILAR IN MEANING.

EXAMPLE : The hunters were very cautious in the forest. careful

Students' answers may vary. Here are examples of some correct answers.

- (25) The award and recognition he received marked the pinnacle of his career.
height / highest point/ top
- (26) It is a family custom to exchange gifts at Christmas and birthdays.
tradition / habit/ practice

(4 marks)

C

Complete each sentence by writing the **OPPOSITE** of the underlined word. Remember to spell correctly.

EXAMPLE : He likes his soup cold but I like mine hot.

- (27) When the bullies approached, the young boys were afraid but the older boys were *brave* enough to confront them.
- (28) The road to the beach was safe but the track that led to the water seemed *unsafe* .

(4 marks)

D

Underline the word that is **INCORRECTLY SPELT** in each of the following sentences and write it correctly on the line provided.

EXAMPLE : The wearer today was terrible. weather

- (29) The girls used their books to sheild themselves from the paper missiles.
shield
- (30) The jubilation didn't last long when the treasure seekers realized that the treasure was wortless. *worthless*

(4 marks)

E

Insert the **TWO MISSING PUNCTUATION MARKS** to correctly complete each of the following sentences. **DO NOT** rewrite the sentences.

EXAMPLE: *I live on elm street.*

I live on Elm Street.

(31) The highest mountain in the world is Mount Everest.

(32) My favourite colour, navy blue, is very popular.

(33) Mr. Jeffery S. Johnson is our new principal.

(34) You'll save money and I'll be very happy.

(35) "I am sad that I did not make the team," said Michael.

(10 marks)

SECTION 111 – COMPREHENSION

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow. Use complete sentences, with correct grammar and spelling.



The Library

The library is a valuable place for finding information. Most libraries have a section reserved for references. This reference section is special books that contain important information on many different subjects. The most commonly used reference books are encyclopaedias, almanacs and atlases.

Encyclopaedias are arranged in alphabetical order. They contain information about events and people in history, countries, scientific discoveries and general subjects such as music, religion or art. An almanac is a single book and contains current or general information. To keep the information up to date, almanacs are printed every year. An atlas is a book of maps. All maps in an atlas use a special language of symbols. A legend usually appears on each map to explain the meaning of the symbols.

Today, many people including students use the internet instead of the library. The internet is more convenient because a person does not have to leave his home. Libraries are not as popular as they once were. However, one must be careful when using the internet. The information available on the internet may or may not be accurate. Anyone can post things on the internet. It is recommended that the information must first be verified

Students' answers may vary. Here are examples of some correct answers.

(36) What is the reference section of a library?

The reference section of a library is a section that has special books with information on many different subjects.

(2 marks)

(37) Why is the information in an encyclopaedia arranged in alphabetical order?

The information in an encyclopaedia is arranged in alphabetical order to make it easier to use.

(3 marks)

(38) What is the purpose of a legend on a map?

A legend is used to explain the meanings of the symbols used on a map.

(2 marks)

(39) In which book can you find a list of last year's Nobel Prize Winners?

A list of last year's Nobel Prize Winners could be found in an almanac.

(3 marks)

(40) (a) Why is the internet more convenient?

The internet is more convenient because a person doesn't have to leave his home.

(2 marks)

(b) What is a major concern about the information available from the internet?

A major concern about the information available from the internet is that it may not always be accurate.

(3 marks)

POEM

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow. Use complete sentences with correct grammar and spelling.

Thanksgiving Pup

His little paws patter on the kitchen floor,
As Mom opens up the oven door.
He looks at her impatiently,
As she bastes the golden brown turkey.

He starts to howl and yip yip yip, loud and clear,
Mom walks to the kitchen and says, "Look here!"
He eats and eats till there's room for no more
What a neat little eater-not a crumb on the floor.

"Not yet!" she says and he saunters down the hall,
Off to chase an imaginary ball.
But soon he tires, settles down,
And snoozes, dreams of a turkey brown.

Later that night he settles in Mom's lap,
Once more he's off to nap
"Thanksgiving Day is surely the best!"
He dreams of goodies he'll eat after his rest.

It's his dream so there's a big juicy bone,
Only for him and him alone.
He awakens when he hears the clatter of a dish,
Sees the poultry on a platter and thinks about his wish.

Students' answers may vary. Here are examples of some correct answers.

(41) What does the pup do as Mom opens the oven door?

When Mom opens the oven door, the pup taps its feet on the kitchen floor/He looks at her impatiently.

(3 marks)

(42) (a) What causes the pup to become tired?

The pup becomes tired after running around playfully chasing an imaginary ball.

(2 marks)

(b) What does the pup dream about?

The pup dreams about a meal of turkey meat with a big juicy bone.

(2 marks)

(43) What awakens the pup from his sleep?

The pup is awakened from his sleep by the sound of the dishes.

(3 marks)

(44) What words in the poem show that the pup was excited about dinner?

The words, 'howl and yip' show that the pup was excited about dinner.

(2 marks)

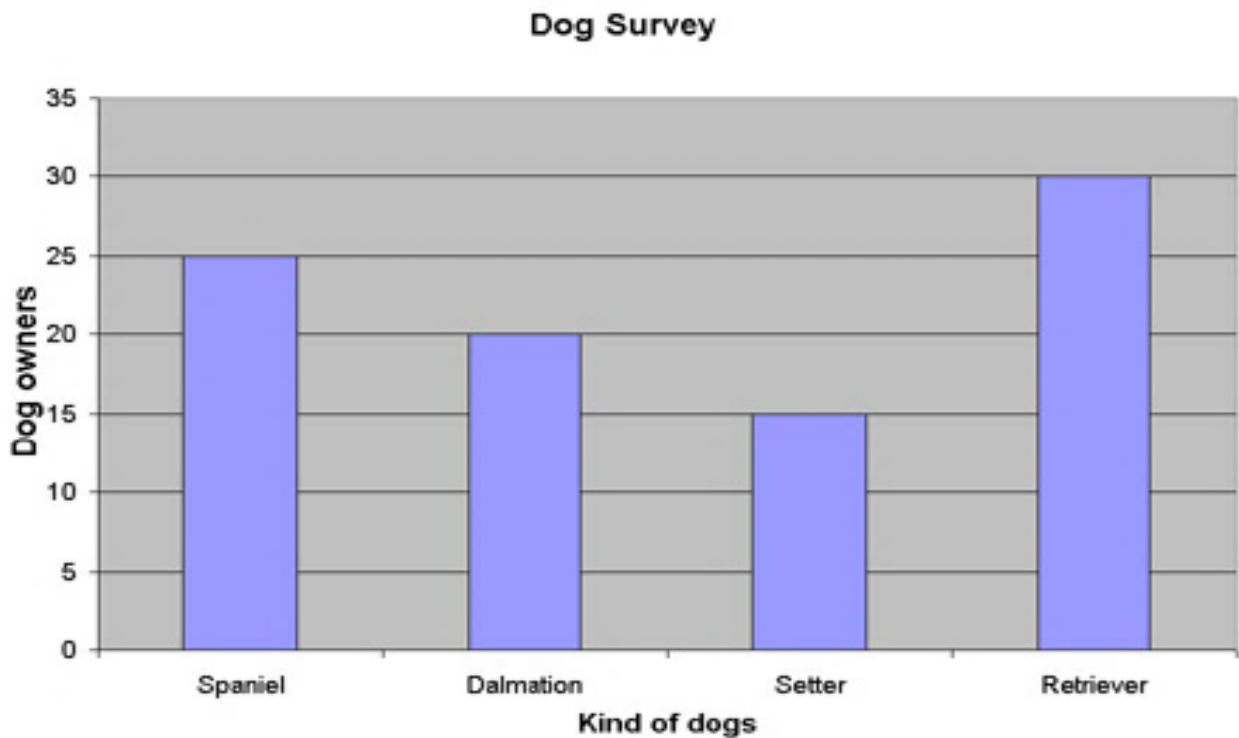
(45) Where did Mom put the pup's dinner?

Mom put the pup's dinner in a plate on the kitchen floor.

(3 marks)

GRAPHIC REPRESENTATIONS

C Study the Bar Graph below and answer the questions that follow.



(46) Which is the most popular breed of dog?

The most popular breed of dog is the Retriever.

(2 marks)

(47) Which is the least popular breed of dog?

The least popular breed of dog is the Setter.

(2 marks)

(48) How many more Spaniels than Dalmations are there?

There are five more Spaniels than Dalmations.

(2 marks)

(49) How many Setters will there be if the population is increased by four?

If the population is increased by four, there will be nineteen Setters.

(2 marks)

(50) How many dogs are shown in this survey?

Ninety dogs are shown in this survey.

(2 marks)