# rinidad & Tobago social Studies for Primary School: Workbook 3

Ву

Shenelle L. Jeanville



CARIBBEAN TUTORIAL PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED

#### **Caribbean Tutorial Publishing Company Limited**

### TRINIDAD & TOBAGO SOCIAL STUDIES FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL: WORKBOOK 3 - PCR EDITION

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#### **Preface**

The aim of the "Trinidad & Tobago Social Studies Workbook for Primary School: Workbook 3 – PCR Edition" is to challenge students in their understanding of the objectives of the new Social Studies Syllabus, which aligns with the Secondary Entrance Assessment (S.E.A.) Examination. It also aims to cultivate the twenty-first (21st) century skills in students, as prescribed by the Ministry of Education, that are needed to mould future leaders, inclusive of Aesthetic Expression, Technological Competency, Citizenship and Communication.

In conjunction with the "Trinidad & Tobago Social Studies for Primary School: Workbook 3", this workbook is able to reach pupils via two (2) main learning styles: visual and kinaesthetic, thus honing their cognitive faculties, such as reasoning, judgement and perception, within a local context. The exercises are presented in a user-friendly interface, with clear instructions and helpful diagrams to ensure that students are not intimidated by the particular topics in their curriculum.

May you be inspired to love our country more deeply, through the study of Social Studies.

Thank you.

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#### **WORKBOOK THREE**

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# **OCEANS THAT**

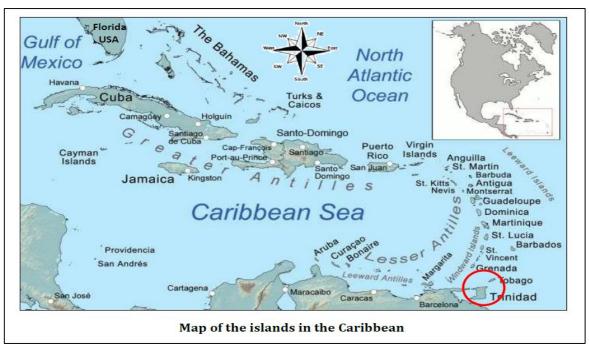
## LINK

**AND** 

DIVIDE US



#### **LOCATING TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO**



#### Using the map above, complete the following statements:

i.	Trinidad and Tobago is located of the Caribbean island chain.
ii.	The Caribbean island chain starts from thetip of
	, United States of America.
iii.	The Caribbean island chain spans until the tip of
	Venezuela, South America.
iv.	The names of two Caribbean countries that are closest to the United States of
	America are
٧.	The names of two Caribbean countries that are closest to South America,
	apart from Trinidad and Tobago are

#### ISLAND SCRAMBLE

I. i.	Unscramble the following Caribbean: NTARLTALEIRGESE:	major classifications of	
ii.	SNESEERLAILLST:		
iii.	ESLLEEIAANWLTDR:		
iv.	NSIINWRLAADWSDD:		
٧.	WDARLESLNESDAI:		
II.	Using the word bank below in the table:	ow, place the islands und	er the correct headings
	ANGUILLA MARTINIQUE	SAINT MARTIN CURACAO	MARGARITA ISLAND
	CUBAGUA GRENADA	ANEGADA ARUBA	TRINIDAD & TOBAGO
	ST. THOMAS CARRIACO	DU SABA DOMINICA LA	ORCHILA BARBADOS
	BONAIRE COCHE	LA TORTUGA ST. CROIX	C ST. LUCIA
X.	ST. KITTS & NEVIS ST. VINC	CENT & THE GRENADINES	ANTIGUA & BARBUDA
1)	LEEWARD ISLANDS	<u>WINDWARD</u> ISLANDS	LEEWARD ANTILLES

#### BODIES OF WATER THAT SURROUND THE CARIBBEAN

I. On the map below, write in the names of the bodies of water that immediately surround the Caribbean in the boxes provided:



- II. Carefully read the statements below and identify them as TRUE or FALSE:
  - a. The Caribbean region is surrounded by one water body. \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. Cuba is the largest island in the Caribbean.
  - c. The east coast of Trinidad is bordered by the Gulf of Paria.
  - d. Martinique is located between St. Lucia and Dominica.
  - e. Panama is a Caribbean island.
  - f. Tobago lies northeast of Trinidad.
  - g. The Pacific Ocean is a major body of water that borders the Caribbean.
  - h. Venezuela is closer to Trinidad than Tobago.

III.	List t	hree (3) major ways in which we use all this water around us.
	a.	
	b.	
	c.	
IV.		ibe in your own words, any two (2) of the uses of water you wrote, on the lines provided below:
	i.	
	ii.	





-							
•	Your teacher asks you to be a part of a marine pollution awareness campaign. Design a poster in the space below to highlight the negative effects of marine pollution on aquatic life.						

III. Use the clues below to figure out the words or terms. Fill the spaces provided with the answers and then find them on the word search grid.

0	D	Ρ	w	G	м	J	н	В	G	D	Α	G	J	Υ	Q	w	E
х	D	Ε	F	0	R	E	s	Т	Α	T	1	0	Ν	L	Ρ	E	Р
Q	Q	С	0	В	F	W	F	Z	Е	K	Ν	G	0	Р	W	1	Х
S	Α	С	Α	R	В	0	Ν	D	1	0	х	1	D	Ε	W	М	S
F	Υ	Υ	Q	М	υ	W	М	С	В	K	В	S	F	Z	0	Z	D
G	Α	R	В	Α	G	Ε	W	F	В	Ν	U	В	Υ	F	Α	٧	Н
Α	Ν	T	-1	F	0	U	L	1	Ν	G	P	Α	-1	Ν	T	S	S
В	Α	L	L	Α	\$	T	W	Α	T	Ε	R	J	Q	0	Ρ	Z	J
E	Α	R	Ν	Ρ	W	Ν	K	0	С	Н	S	Ε	W	Α	G	Ε	0
G	R	Ε	Ε	Ν	Н	0	U	S	E	E	F	F	Ε	С	T	K	1
P	U	Q	R	L	F	Q	F	Х	D	P	L	Α	S	T	1	С	L
D	Н	υ	G	L	0	В	Α	L	W	Α	R	М	-1	Ν	G	С	٧

ii.	shipping vessels, etc., pollute our harbours and coastlines.  Effluent from toilets
iii.	This is dumped in canals and drains and is subsequently washed down into
	rivers and seas
iv.	Carried in ships to provide stability
٧.	Cutting down trees
vi.	We use a lot of this material. It is not biodegradable
vii.	The warming of the Earth's surface and the air above it. Gases in the air
	trap energy from the Sun cause this
viii.	Added to the underwater parts of the hulls of commercial and recreations



#### Activity: Can You Undo Water Pollution?

In this simple experiment that can be done at school or at home, you will investigate how hard it is to undo water pollution.

#### You will need:

- Bucket
- Household garbage (e.g. fruit and vegetable peels, paper, snack wrappers, etc.)
- Dirt
- Vegetable oil (to mimic toxic oil spills)
- A pair of tongs
- Strainer

#### Instructions:

- 1. Fill the bucket with the clean water.
- Proceed to add the trash, oil and dirt to the bucket. Ensure to take turns when working in groups!
- 3. Using the tongs and the strainer, try to remove all of the pollution.
- 4. Record all observations and discuss your findings.
- 5. *Optional*: Add a few tablespoons of **Alum** to your bucket. Shake it to ensure mixing and leave to settle for a few hours. What do you observe? Discuss.

#### Follow-up:

- 1. Were you successful in removing all the pollutants?
- 2. What did you observe when you removed the large pieces of garbage from the water?
- 3. What conclusions can you make about humans and the pollution of water bodies?
- 4. How can you help solve this problem of marine pollution?



Do some online research on the Great Pacific Garbage Patch to see more on the effects of pollution on the marine environment.



# DIFFERENT BUT THE

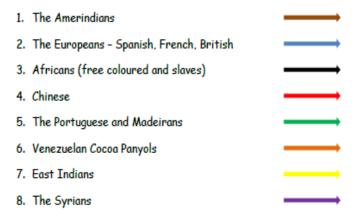
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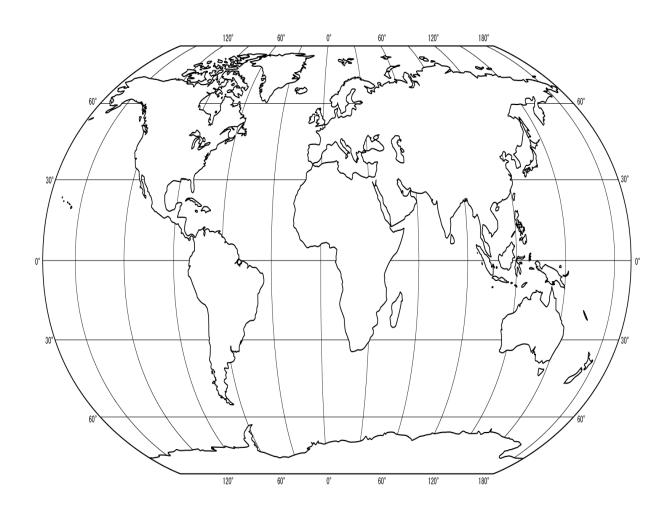




L.	textbook as a guide. Number them from 1 – 10, with 1 being the first to have occurred and 10, the last. Write your answers in the spaces provided.
a.	The <i>Cedula of Population</i> invites settlers from the French-speaking
	islands to live here.
b.	Appearance of the <i>Arawaks</i> ( <i>Tainos</i> ) and <i>Caribs (Kalinagos</i> ).
c.	The African slaves were freed.
d.	Hasely Crawford won this country's first gold medal at the Montreal
	Olympics in the 100 metres, clocking 10.06 seconds.
2.	Don Jose Maria Chacon, the last Spanish Governor, surrendered the
	island to a British fleet of 18 warships, under the command of Sir Ralph
	Abercrombie.
f.	Christopher Columbus discovers Trinidad during his third voyage to
	the "new world".
д.	The first group of East Indians arrived aboard the <i>Fatel Rosack</i> .
	They were to work 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours a day, six days a week for 3 years, receiving
	about 13 cents a day.
h.	Trinidad and Tobago attained independence from Great Britain.
i <b>.</b>	Trinidad and Tobago were incorporated into one single colony, under
	British rule.
j.	Archaic Tribes began arriving in Trinidad from north-eastern regions
	of mainland South America

II. Using your textbook, the map and the key below, draw the paths of migration of our ancestors to Trinidad and Tobago. Write the names of the landmasses from which they originated.

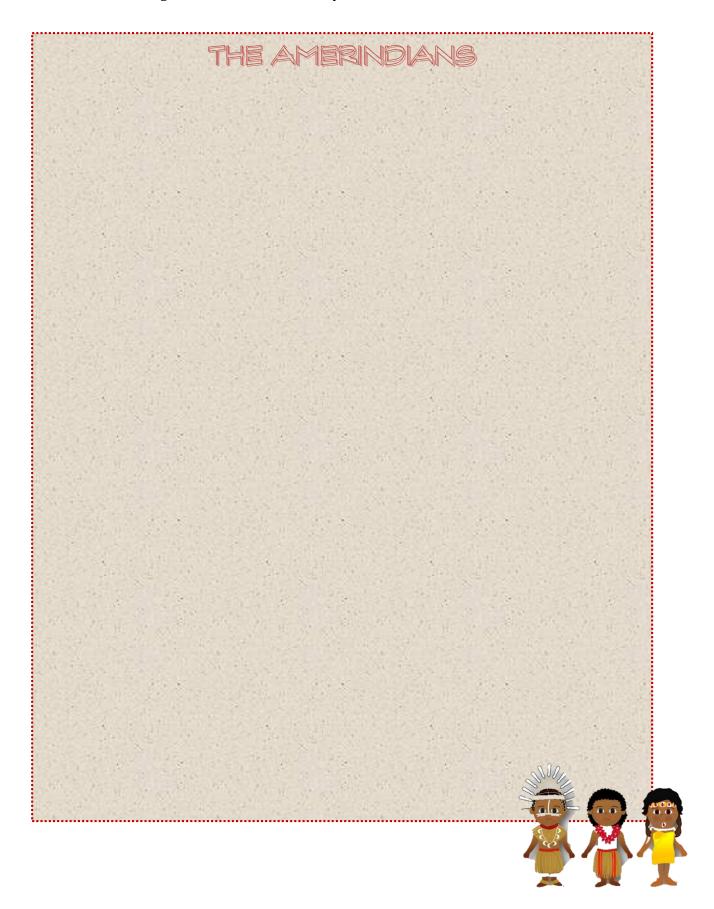




#### MY MINI CULTURAL SCRAPBOOK

III. In the following pages, you are asked to fill the scrapbook pages with aspects of some of the various cultural groups that settled in Trinidad. Include pictures of personalities, as well as contributions to dress, architecture, food, dance and cultural and religious festivals. Also include names of places in Trinidad and Tobago that were influenced by each respective group.



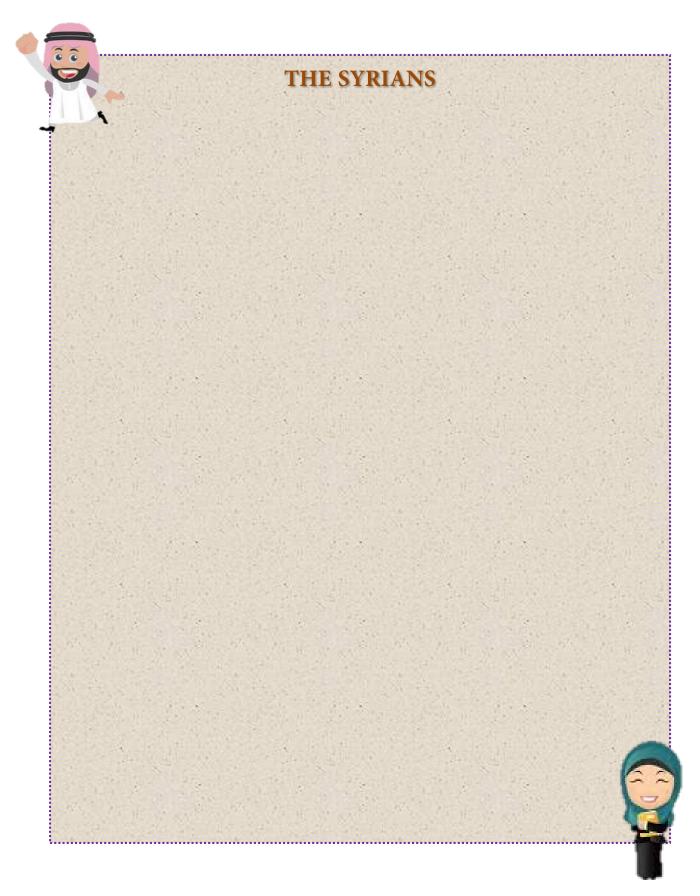




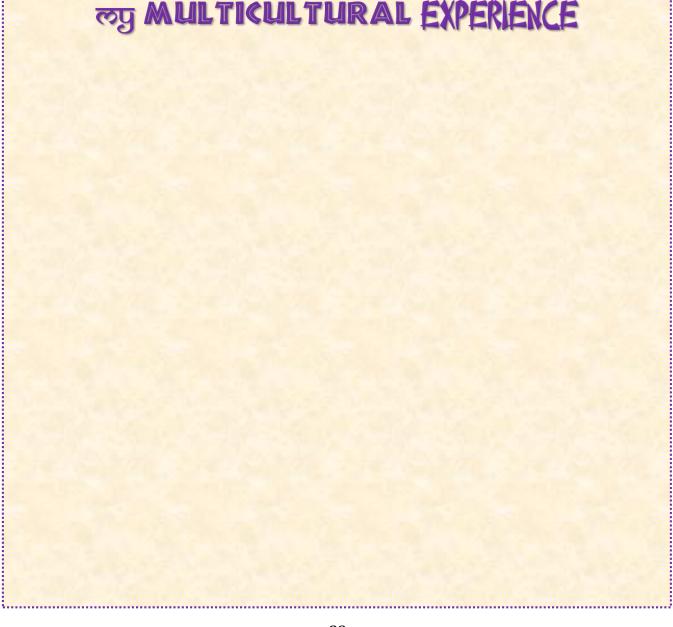




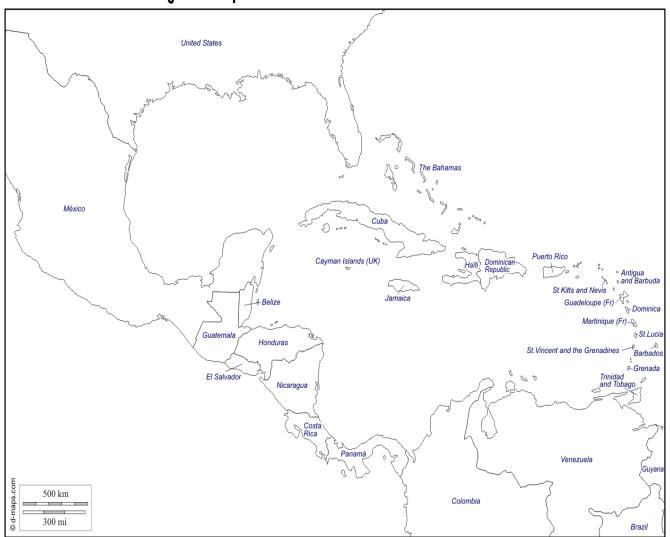




IV. Our country has been able to merge the various foods and cultural influences in order to produce a unique experience to any visitor to our islands. We celebrate each other's religious and cultural festivals and we even actively participate in them. In the box below, you are invited to express the impact of the cultural fusion of Trinidad and Tobago on you and your family. (What foods do you eat often? What festivals do you partake in? What is your favourite local genre of music? Etc.) What are the benefits of cultural fusion?



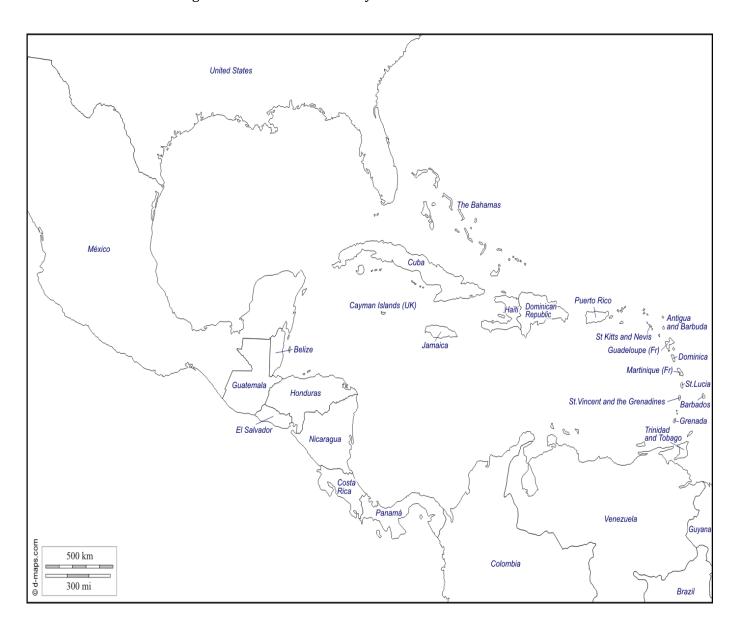
V. The history of the islands in the Caribbean region is very similar. Most were owned by European countries, which had used these islands to grow crops such as sugar cane and cocoa. Most used labour from other countries to help keep the agricultural industries alive. Circle the country name or colour the land masses on the following maps according to the keys to show the major European-controlled territories in 1700 and 1850.



MAP OF THE CARIBBEAN REGION SHOWING THE MAJOR EUROPEAN-CONTROLLED TERRITORIES IN THE YEAR 1700

		SPANISH	
		BRITISH	
KEY		DUTCH	
		FRENCH	
			DANISH

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MAP OF THE CARIBBEAN REGION SHOWING THE MAJOR EUROPEAN-CONTROLLED TERRITORIES IN THE YEAR 1850

	SPANISH
	BRITISH
KEY	DUTCH
	FRENCH

There are several threads that are common to many of the islands. In the boxes below, express in sentences or pictures/sketches with brief

VI.

	descriptions, some things we have in common with our Caribbean
	brothers and sisters.
Music	
SPORT	
A ODIOUI TUD	AL HISTORY & SLAVERY
AGRICULTUR	AL FISTORY & SLAVERY



Match the names of the disasters to the pictures below, then read the information on them and write their names near to its meaning.

Drought	ts Landslides	Hurricanes	Flooding	Earthquake	Fore	est fires	Volcanoes	Tsunamis			
			2			A great quantity of water coming over a place:  Sudden, violent movement of the Earth:					
	3		4			A series of water waves caused by the displacement of a large volume of body water:  Violent and destructive storm:					
	5		6	Telle of the second sec	Investory.	combust vegetat Lava &	gases come y through c	of up			
	7	HELPI	8			Continuous dry weather, not enough for people's needs:  The movement of rock, debris or earth down a slope:					



Write a brief report on the history of the Caribbean disaster Emergency Management Agency (CDEMA). Do some research on how effective it has been in helping us in the Caribbean.



# INTERDEPENDENT

# WORLD





I.	Define "interdependence":	

II. Using a specific example, illustrate 'interdependence' in the space provided below.







III. <u>Emigrate</u> means you are <u>exiting</u> your current homeland.

 $\underline{\textbf{Immigrate}}$  means you are  $\underline{\textbf{coming in}}$  to a country to live.

Using the words, "immigrate" and "emigrate", complete the following statements:

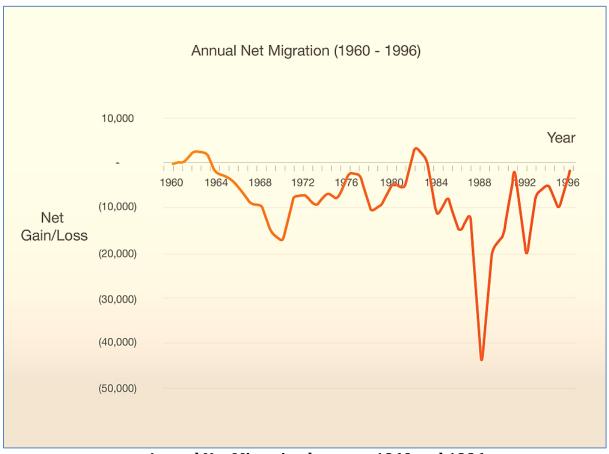
a.	he crime rate in Trinidad is very high and as a result, some citizens				
	desire to				
b.	Citizens from seventeen (17) European Union countries were given				
	freedom to to Switzerland in 2007.				
c.	Many people had to from Europe during the Nazi				
	period.				
d.	My grandparents were forced to to Trinidad & Tobago in				
	the 1930s.				
е.	My grandparents were forced to from China.				
f.	My best friend, Lawrence, was forced to to Italy after				



Standard Three.

		ople would im	migrate to or e	migrate from
Trinidad and	i obago.			
			<del> </del>	<del> </del>
		<del> </del>		<del> </del>
			<del> </del>	
		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>
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		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
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<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	
	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>
			<del> </del>	

V. The diagram below was produced by the Central Statistical Office (CSO). It shows the numbers of persons migrating out of and into Trinidad and Tobago during the period 1960 to 1996, which is thirty-six years.



**Annual Net Migration between 1960 and 1996** 

- i. In which year did the biggest Net Loss occur? \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. What was the average number of persons leaving in (i.)?
- iii. In which years were Net Gains observed?
- iv. In which year(s) did 10,000 persons leave the country? \_\_\_\_
- v. Was a Net Loss or a Net Gain experienced in Trinidad and Tobago in 1976?

VI.

	5) impacts of Human Migration on Trinidad and Toba
<del></del>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
···········	
	The training







#### I. Colour the Coat of Arms below.



II. Fill in the blanks in the following paragraphs that describe some characteristics of the Coat of Arms. Use the word bank below.

The Coat of Arms of Trinidad and Tobago was designed in by a
committee of distinguished citizens. Committee members included artist
and Carnival Designer
The Coat of Arms incorporates important and indigenous elements of
Trinidad and Tobago. They are: The Shield, The Helm of special design, the Mantle
which covers the Helm, the Wreath to hold the Mantle in place, the Crest, the
Supports and the
At the top is the Crest - a ship's wheel in gold in front of a fruited coconut palm
which was always a central figure on the Great Seals of British Colonial Tobago.
Beneath the wheel is the which holds the mantle in place.
The is a gold helmet facing front which represents the The
three gold ships represent the discovery of the islands and the three ships of
They are the, the Niña and the Pinta. It also represents
the, after which Trinidad is named. It also represents the sea
that brought our people together and the commerce and of our
country.

HelmHoly Trinity1962QueenCarlyle ChangwreathMottoGeorge BaileywealthColumbushistoricalSanta Maria

#### **OUR NATIONAL WATCHWORDS**

#### I. Write in the spaces below the meanings of our national watchwords:

DIS	CIPLINE:
TOL	ERANCE:
PROI	DUCTION:
II.	How should we apply our National Watchwords to our everyday lives?

#### **OUR NATIONAL ANTHEM**

#### I. Cut and stick the lines of the National Anthem in the correct order:

And may God bless our nation

We solemnly declare:

This our native land

With boundless faith in our destiny

Here every creed and race find an equal place,

We pledge our lives to thee.

Side by side we stand

Here every creed and race find an equal place,

Forged from the love of liberty

And may God bless our nation.

Islands of the blue Caribbean sea,

In the fires of hope and prayer

### Nothing has been omitted



A symbol is something that is a reminder of something else. Our National Emblems help bring us together and serve as a reminder to all of us about our rich history and the uniqueness of our cosmopolitan nation.

I. Draw arrows to match the colour of the National Flag to its meaning.

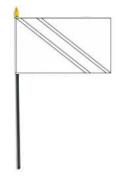


The dedication of the people joined together by one strong bond.

The vitality of the land and its people.

The sea by which these lands are bound: the cradle of our heritage; the purity of our aspirations.

II. Colour the image below which illustrates what ALL persons should do when the National Flag is being raised or lowered or while it is passing in a parade or review.

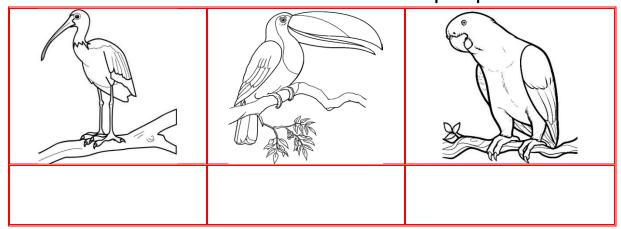




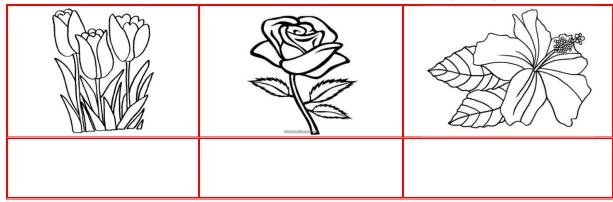


#### **OUR NATIONAL BIRDS, FLOWER & INSTRUMENT**

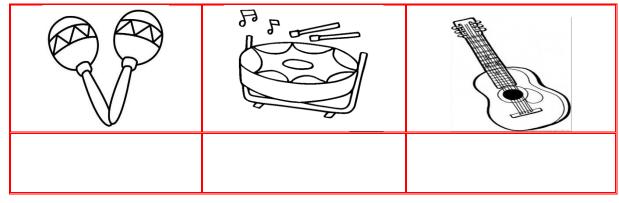
I. Colour our National Bird. Write its name in the space provided.



II. Colour our National Flower. Write its name in the space provided.



III. Colour our National Instrument. Write its name in the space provided.



#### **OUR NATIONAL PLEDGE**

I. Complete the National Pledge below

I solemnly pledge to dedicate my life To the service of my God And to my country. How should we show respect when the Pledge is being recited? II.



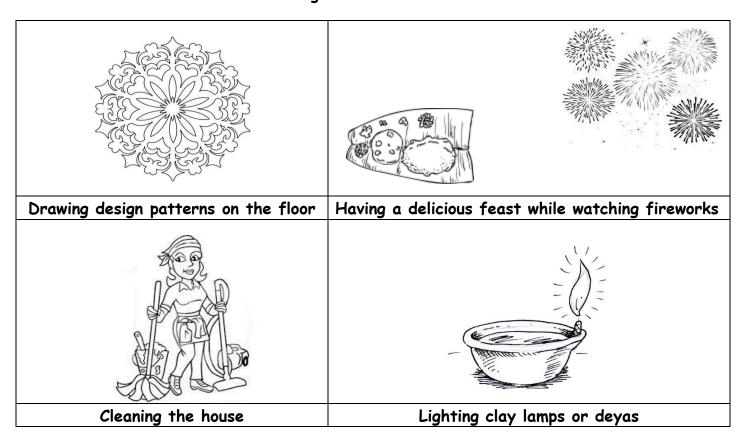
## FESTIVALS





I. Divali is a festival celebrated by members of the Hindu community.

The word "Divali" is a variation of the Sanskrit word, "Deepavali". Deepa means light and Avali means a row. The scenes below show a few traditions observed during Divali around the world. Colour them:

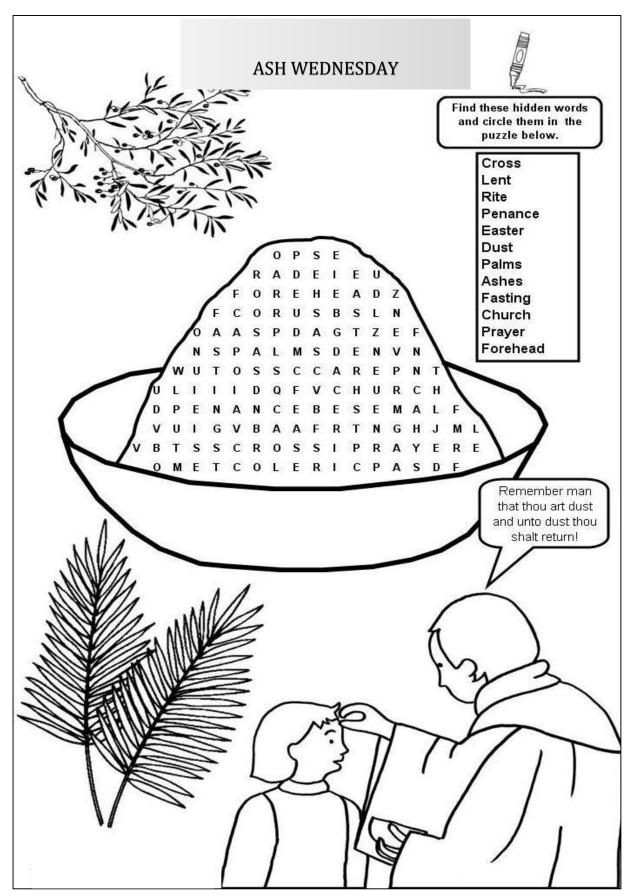




#### Fill in the blanks using the word bank below:

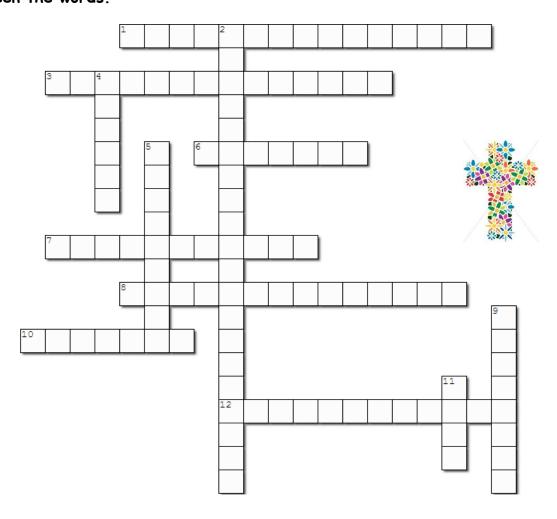
is the	month in	the Muslim calendar	. <b>A</b> †
this time, Muslims will c	uring	hours for the	whole
month. During Ramadan, Muslims celebra	te the time whe	n the verses of their	Holy
Book, the, were revealed to	the Prophet	··	
Muslims fast during Ramadan to help the	m remember po	orer people and to be	more
	nd more genero	us. As well as fasting	, they
will spend lots of time	_ and	the Qur'an. The	y will
also try to do	and will	give money to charit	y.
Ramadan is a time to spend with	and fam	ily too. Often the fas	t is
broken by several families coming togeth	ier. The first mo	eal eaten after sunse	t is
called the This often consis	sts of	A bigger mea	will
also be eaten in the evening.			
At the end of Ramadan there is a big fes	stival called		The
fasting is over. People wear their best _		and give	_ to
children. They must also give money to _		for the poor so they	can
celebrate too. Friends and family will gat	her together to	celebrate.	

good deeds iftar Eid-ul-Fitr ninth dates fast gifts self-disciplined Ramadan Muhammad charity praying friends daylight Qur'an clothes reading





Complete the crossword below. Be careful. Multiple word answers have spaces between the words.



#### Across

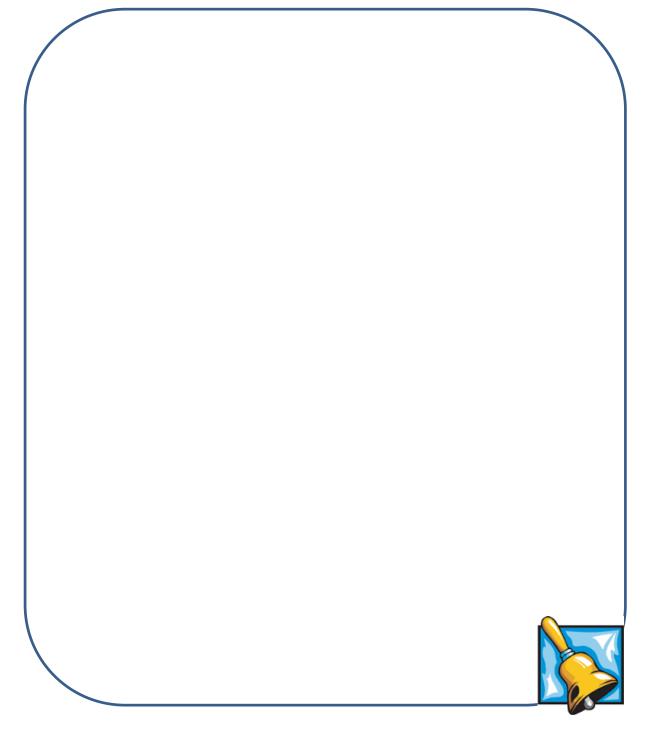
- **1.** Activity where we look for candy stuffed in the things that chickens lay. (6,3,4)
- **3.** Favoured pastry for Good Friday.(3,5,4)
- **6.** What the people did to Christ on Good Friday. (7)
- 7. Holy week starts on this day. (4,6)
- **8.** Another way of saying 'Good Friday and Easter' (6,7)
- 10. We beat this scarecrow on Good Friday.(7)
- **12.** During Easter, Christians reflect on Christ's life, death and (12)

#### Down

- 2. Where we showcase our fancy Easter hats.(6,6,6)
- **4.** The sister-isle.(6)
- **5.** Alternative to a goat race. (4,4)
- **9.** We fly kites here. (8)
- 11. We eat a lot of this on Good Friday. (4)

#### SPIRITUAL SHOUTER BAPTIST DAY

Make a collage of Spiritual Shouter Baptist Day celebrations in Trinidad. Write a brief summary of the significance of the holiday and how it all began.



#### **CORPUS CHRISTI**

Read the following passage and complete the exercise that follows it to learn more on Corpus Christi.

The feast of Corpus Christi is a remembrance of Holy Thursday, when Christ instituted the Eucharist at the Last Supper. It is a feast that honors the Body and Blood of Christ and promotes adoration of the Blessed Sacrament.

In the 13th century, a young Augustinian nun from Belgium first proposed the idea of a feast day devoted to the Blessed Sacrament. The idea was revealed to her through several visions from Our Lord. She strongly believed that the feast would not only counter heresies and attacks against the Church, but also that it would strengthen the faithful who strive to follow the Church's teachings. Many years passed before the Bishop of Liege finally instituted the feast day. Though the feast became established in Liege and began to spread to other regions, the young nun fervently desired to see the feast celebrated in the Church throughout the world. Finally, in 1264, just six years after her death, Pope Urban IV made the celebration a feast day for the whole Church.

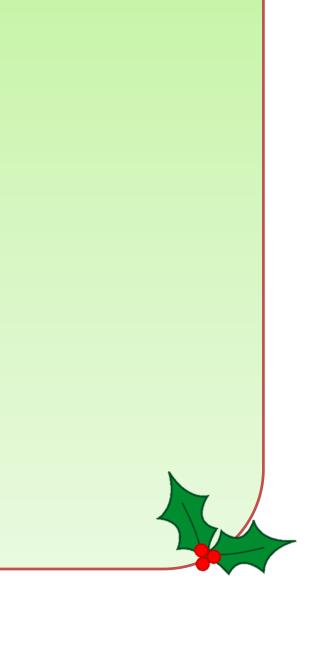
Today, the feast is celebrated in June on the first Sunday after the octave of the Trinity. After mass, the priest places the Blessed Sacrament in the monstrance and a Eucharistic procession is held. Many years ago, the Eucharist was carried through the streets of town, accompanied by hymns and litanies. Today, the procession is usually held on parish grounds. The priest, carrying the monstrance that holds the Blessed Sacrament, leads the procession to four altars, where the people join in prayers, hymns, and adoration of the Body and Blood of Christ.

Use the information above to fill-in the blanks below. The first letter from each answer will make two words that reveal the name of the young nun who began the feast of Corpus Christi.

- 1. The feast of Corpus Christi is held on this day of the week: \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. This pope made the feast of Corpus Christi official throughout the world: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Visions about a feast day were revealed to a young Augustinian \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Christ instituted the Eucharist during the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. The feast of Corpus Christi is during this month:

#### CHRISTMAS IN TRINIDAD & TOBAGO

Make a collage of Christmas celebrations in Trinidad and Tobago. Ensure to include food, activities and a chorus from your favourite local Christmas song!



#### **PHAGWA**

Phagwa is a festival of fun and laughter.

It celebrates springtime and renewal, harking back to the ancient life of the holy youth Prahalad, whose name means joy. The climax of the day is the Festival of Colours, a street celebration where people arrive wearing white and leave with colour on their clothes, having been squirted with brightly-dyed water called abheer. Colour the two images to showcase the colourful celebration.



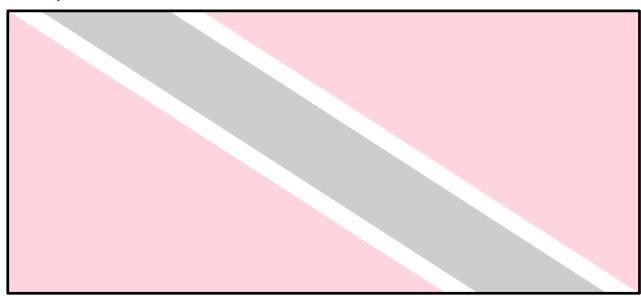




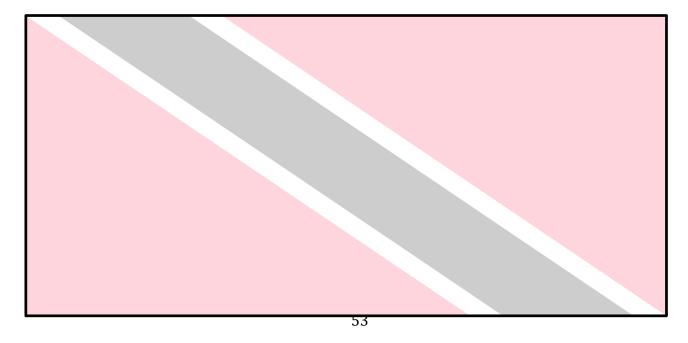
#### **INDEPENDENCE DAY & REPUBLIC DAY**

In the spaces below, state clearly what it meant for our country to gain its independence and republican status. What effect did those two event have on us? What changes were made?

#### Independence:



#### Republican Status:



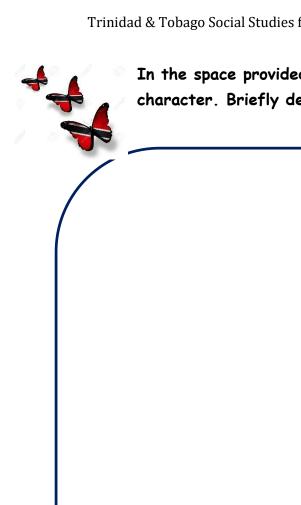


complete the following.
Who brought Carnival here and in what year?
Was everyone allowed to participate in Carnival at this time? Why?
What was the difference in the Carnival celebrations after 1838, when the ex-slaves were freed? What became of the French planters' involvement in Carnival?
How did Carnival evolve in 1843, and onwards?
What was the cause of the 'Canboulay riots'?

Using the images below, circle ONLY the elements of Trinidad Carnival.

Identify the Carnival elements below each image.





In the space provided below, sketch your favourite Carnival character. Briefly describe what this character means to you

#### **INDIAN ARRIVAL DAY & EMANCIPATION DAY**

Indian Arrival Day and Emancipation day are two significant occasions we observe annually, in our country's calendar. In the boxes below, briefly outline some ways in which we, the citizens, observe these two day. You can use sketches or pictures to highlight your answer.

ancipation Day	/		



#### Write a short profile on each of the following labour leaders.

Captain Andrew Arthur Cipriani	
Elma Francois	
Adrian 'Cola' Rienzi	
Tubal Uriah 'Buzz' Butler	

Briefly describe the role of the Oilfield Workers Trade Union (O.W.T.U.)

#### **HUMAN RIGHTS: UNDERSTANDING YOUR RIGHTS AS A CHILD**

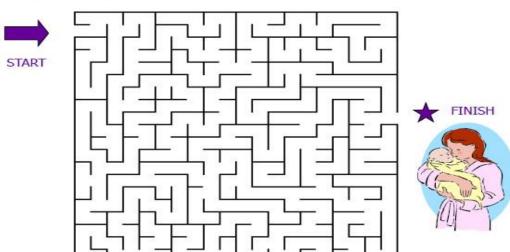
The United Nations' (UN) Universal Children's Day is celebrated on November 20th by many countries each year. The purpose of this most significant day in the United Nations' Calendar is to make children happy, acknowledge an understanding of young people's rights and show respect for all children. Write the letter "T" for 'true' or "F" for 'false' at the beginning of each statement to test your understanding of your rights as a child:

1 Children are allowed to do any type of work.
2 Children who break the law should not be put in prisons with adults.
3 Children have a right to get and share information.
4 Children have the right to be protected against cruel acts or exploitation
5 Education should encourage children to respect their parents.
6 Children have to speak the language which most other people in their
country speak.
7 Children should never be sent to prison.
8 Children who come into a country as refugees have the same rights as
children born in that country.
9 Children have a right to privacy.

#### MOTHERS' DAY & FATHERS' DAY



Help the children get their gifts to Mom!



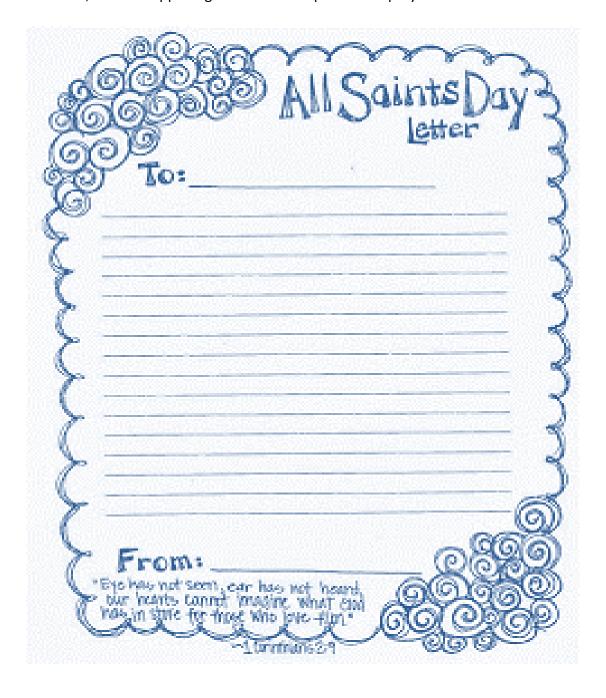
#### Father's Day Sudoku

Every row, column and mini-grid must contain the letters FATHER. Don't guess - use logic

R					T
		T	E		
	R	F	Т	Н	
	Т	Н	R	Е	
		Ε	Α		
Н					E

#### ALL SAINTS' & ALL SOULS' DAY

On the lines provided, write a letter to a Saint in heaven. You can ask what heaven is like, mention what you admired about their lives and ask for their intercession. Alternatively, you can write to a soul in Purgatory. You can chose to write to a deceased loved one. You can tell them how much you miss them, what is happening on Earth and a promise to pray for them.





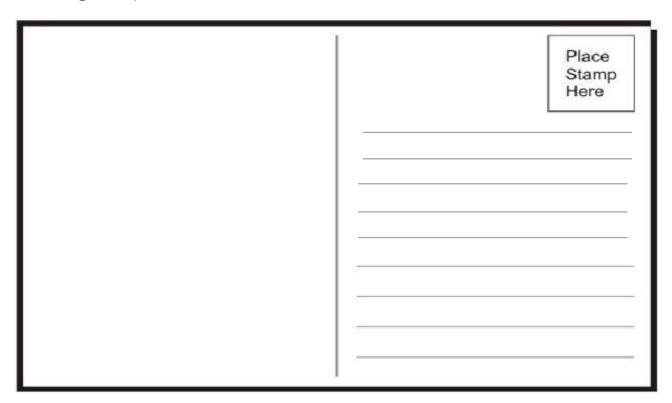
#### POSTCARDS FROM TRINIDAD & TOBAGO

Your pen pal, Jerome, who resides in Brooklyn, New York, asks you about some of the other local festivals that are not as popular as Carnival. Using the blank postcards below, write to him briefly on each of the various festivals outlined. Stick pictures to enhance your cards.

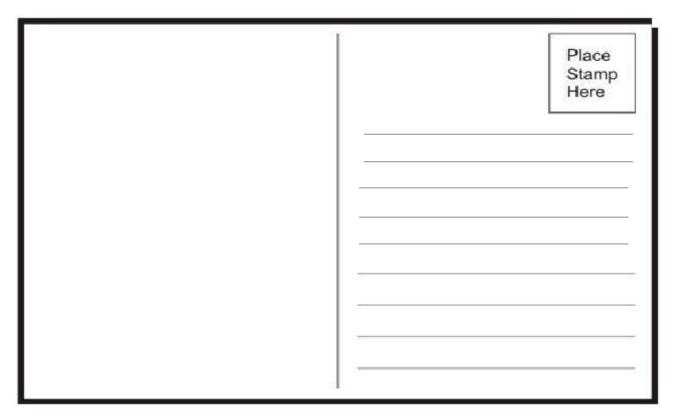
#### St. Peter's Day:

Place Stamp Here

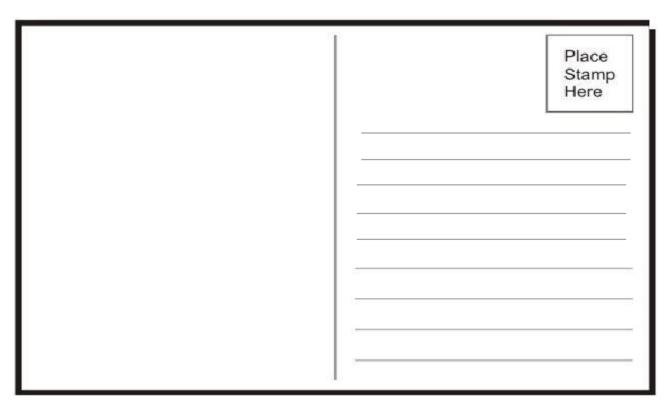
#### Borough Day:



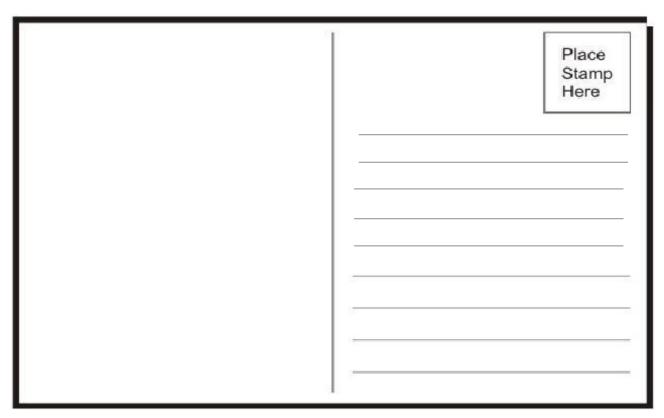
#### Santa Rosa Festival:



#### Sugar and Energy Festival:



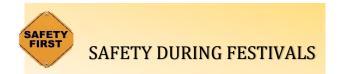
#### Tobago Heritage Festival:



#### La Divina Pastora:

		Place Stamp Here
	2.00 227	107
How do you and your family celebrate Independence Day:	the following festivals?	
	the following festivals?	

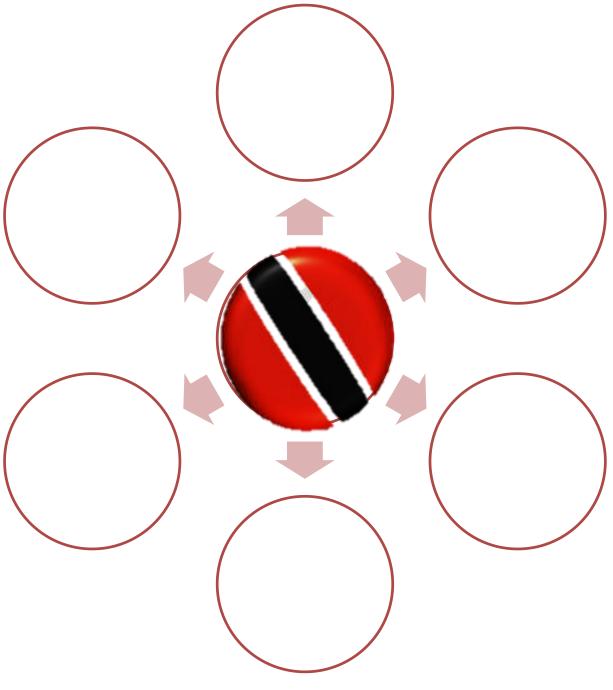
Indian Arrival Day  Labour Day:	Christmas Day:
Indian Arrival Day  Labour Day:  Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Indian Arrival Day  Labour Day:  Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Indian Arrival Day  Labour Day:  Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Indian Arrival Day  Labour Day:  Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Labour Day:  Eid-ul-Fitr:	Carnival:
Labour Day:  Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Eid-ul-Fitr:	Indian Arrival Day
Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Eid-ul-Fitr:	
Eid-ul-Fitr:	Labour Day:
	Luboui Day.
Emancipation Day:	Eid-ul-Fitr:
Emancipation Day:	
	Emancipation Day:



0	utline some ways to keep safe during a large festival:
_	
_	
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_	
	vent that a child gets separated from his parents or guardians while
αт	ing a festival, list some tips below to help him or her:
_	
_	
_	

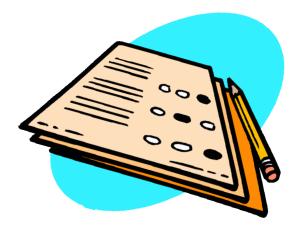
#### **BENEFITS OF A MULTICULTURAL SOCIETY**

In this chapter, we learnt of a variety of festivals that the country celebrates, that were contributed by all groups that settled here many, many years ago. Complete the diagram below by stating some advantages of our multicultural nation of Trinidad and Tobago.





# MULTIPLE CHOICE PRACTICE TESTS



#### MULTIPLE CHOICE PRACTICE TEST #1

<u>Instructions</u>: Circle the letter that corresponds to the most accurate response

- 1. Trinidad and Tobago is located....
  - A. North of the archipelago that lies from the northern tip of Florida to the south eastern tip of Venezuela
  - B. South of the archipelago that lies from the southern tip of Florida to the north eastern tip of Venezuela
  - $\it C.$  East of the archipelago that lies from the eastern tip of Florida to the south eastern tip of  $\it Cuba$
  - D. West of the archipelago that lies from the western tip of Florida to the south western tip of Suriname
- 2. Which of the following is NOT a Windward Island?
  - A. Dominica
  - B. Anegada
  - C. Barbados
  - D. Grenada

3. "The species richness and abundance in the world's oceans and seas" refers to		
A. Genetic Diversity		
B. Ecodiversity		
C. Marine Biodiversity		
D. Species Diversity		
4. What percentage of the world is covered with water?		
A. 80%		
B. 40%		
C. 10%		
D. 70%		
5. Venezuelan cocoa farmers who were encouraged to come to Trinidad and Tobago		
to cultivate cocoa were referred to as:		
A. cocoa panyols		
B. conquistadores		
C. cedulas		
D. indigenous		

6. Who wo	n Trinidad and Tobago's first gold medal in Montreal in 1976?
A.	Ato Boldon
В.	Hasely Crawford
C.	Richard Thompson
D.	Usain Bolt
7. ALL of the following place names in Trinidad and Tobago are of French origin, EXCEPT:	
A.	Bourg Mulatresse
В.	Mon Repos

C. Toco

D. Point Fortin

8. Carniva	l was allowed <sup>.</sup>	to continue when the	z <u>I</u> took over Trinidad in <u>II</u>
		I	II
	A.	Spanish	1792
	В.	French	1838
	<i>C</i> .	Dutch	1794

9. ALL of the following are contributions to our society by the Africans, EXCEPT:

1797

British

A. Gayap

D.

- B. Susu
- C. Souse
- D. Limbo

10. The flag below is related to which of the following items:



- A. The Caribbean Youth Science Forum
- B. West Indies Cricket
- C. The University of the West Indies
- D. CARICOM
- 11. The definition, "relying on or between 2 or more important people, groups or things", refers to:
  - A. Interdependence
  - B. Immigration
  - C. Emigration
  - D. Desalination

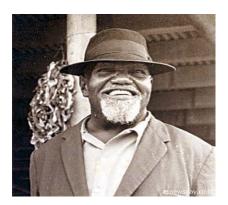
12. ALL of the following are	POSITIVE impacts	of migration	on our	country's
development, EXCEPT:				

- A. Monetary injections from remittances
- B. Loss of needed qualified personnel
- C. The addition of new foods
- D. The addition of new festivals
- 13. The Coat of Arms in Trinidad and Tobago was designed in:
  - A. 1492
  - B. 1962
  - C. 1990
  - D. 1838

14. Which colour of our National Flag represents the equality of all men and women
under the Sun?
A. Blue
B. Black
C. White
D. Red
15. The Hindu festival celebrated on the $15^{ ext{th}}$ night of the dark fortnight of the
month of Kaartik is:
A. Hosay
B. Divali
C. Eid-ul-Fitr
D. Shivraatri

16.	<b>A</b> .	is a day or time of religious or national celebration, marked by
fe	asti	ing, ceremonies or other observances.
	Α.	Lime
	В.	Birthday party
	С.	Anthem
	D.	Festival
17.	AL	L of the following are traditional Christmas beverages, EXCEPT:
	Α.	Ponche de crème
	В.	Apple juice
	С.	Sorrel
	D.	Gingerbeer
18.	Tł	ne first Governor - General and the Premier was:
	Α.	Mr. A.N.R. Robinson
	В.	Dr. Eric Williams
	С.	Mr. Claude Noel
	D.	Sir Solomon Hochov

- 19. \_\_\_\_\_ is celebrated annually on May 30<sup>th</sup>.
  - A. Labour Day
  - B. Ash Wednesday
  - C. Indian Arrival Day
  - D. Easter Monday



- 20. The picture above shows a Grenadian immigrant who worked in the oilfield and was instrumental in the development of the labour union movement. His name is:
  - A. Dr. Eric Williams
  - B. Tubal Uriah "Buzz" Butler
  - C. George Chambers
  - D. Patrick Manning

#### <u>Instructions</u>: Circle the letter that corresponds to the most accurate response

1.	The Greater	Antilles	include	which o	of the	following?
----	-------------	----------	---------	---------	--------	------------

- A. Cuba, Hispaniola and Jamaica
- B. Puerto Rico, Guadeloupe and Trinidad & Tobago
- C. Hispaniola, Grenada and Martinique
- D. Jamaica, Barbados and Grenada

#### 2. The two (2) main bodies of water that border the Caribbean islands are:

- A. The Columbus Channel and the Pacific Ocean
- B. The Dead Sea and the Caribbean Sea
- C. The Caribbean Sea and the Atlantic Ocean
- D. The Atlantic Ocean and the Gulf of Paria

### 3. ALL of the following are main types of marine pollution, EXCEPT:

- A. Oil
- B. Ballast water
- C. Antifouling paints
- D. Recycling

4.	In the waters that surround our country, many international energy
	companies drill for what resource?
	A. Oil
	B. Fish
	C. Juice
	D. Textiles
5.	In what year did Christopher Columbus "re-discover" our country?
	A. 1492
	B. 1498
	C. 1598
	D. 1699
6.	In what year did Trinidad & Tobago's Soca Warriors football team qualify
	for the World Cup Finals, after beating Bahrain?
	A. 2004
	B. 2010
	C. 2005
	D. 2001

7.	What is the name of the festival celebrated by the Carib community on
	August 23 <sup>rd</sup> each year?

- A. Hosay
- B. Eid-ul-Fitr
- C. Shouter Baptist Liberation Day
- D. Sants Rosa Festival
- 8. Which type of music was brought here from West Africa by the slaves, who used it to sing about their white slave masters?
  - A. Kaiso
  - B. Zouk
  - C. Reggaeton
  - D. Chutney-Soca

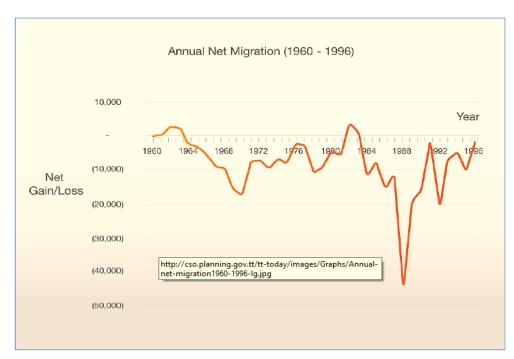
9.	A sequence of related events in a chronological order arranged according to
	the time the occurred is called a:



- B. Timeline
- C. Timeloop
- D. Map
- 10. Haiti's most popular genre of music is:
  - A. Calypso
  - B. Zouk
  - C. Compas
  - D. Bachata

- 11. "The migration or movement into a place, especially to a country where you are not a native, in order to settle there" refers to which of the following terms?
  - A. Emigration
  - B. Immigration
  - C. Interdependence
  - D. Qualification

#### Questions 12 and 13 refer to the following diagram:



Annual Net Migration between 1960 and 1996

12. The large valley or dip seen at 1988 represents:
A. A net loss
B. A net gain
C. Naturalisation
D. Fusion
13. The large dip at 1988 relates to what number of persons migrating?
A. 40,000
B. 20,000
C. 45,000
D. 50,000
14. Our National Watchwords are:
A. Discipline, Productivity and Tenacity
B. Dignity, Respect and Tolerance
C. Discipline, Tolerance and Production
D. Tolerance. Dignity and Lovalty

15. Our National flower is the
A. Daffodil
B. Pride of Barbados
C. Chaconia
D. Tulip
16. This festival occurs after the sighting of the new crescent moon which
signals the end of the month of Ramadan.
A. Divali
B. Hosay
C. Eid-ul-Fitr
D. Shivraatri
17. Annually, Trinidad & Tobago celebrates Spiritual Shouter Baptist Liberation
Day on:
A. March 30 <sup>th</sup>
B. June 19 <sup>th</sup>
C. December 1 <sup>st</sup>

D. August 30<sup>th</sup>

18. The two instruments usually used during Phagwa celebrations are:
A. Dholak and majeera
B. Guitar and harp
C. Steelpan and rainsticks
D. Sitar and harmonium
19. A is a state or nation in which the supreme power rests in all the
citizens entitled to vote.
A. Government
B. Festival
C. Republic
D. Dictatorship
20.In what year were all British slaves declared free?
A. 1838
B. 1492
C. 1969
D. 1962

#### <u>Instructions</u>: Circle the letter that corresponds to the most accurate response

- 1. Which of the following statements about Trinidad and Tobago is FALSE?
  - A. Trinidad and Tobago is closest to Grenada
  - B. Trinidad and Tobago is furthest from the Bahamas
  - C. Trinidad and Tobago is east of the north eastern tip of Venezuela
  - D. Trinidad and Tobago is located north of the Caribbean island chain
- 2. Which of the following statements is FALSE?
  - A. The north coast of Trinidad and the leeward side of Tobago are bordered by the Caribbean Sea
  - B. The east coast of Trinidad and the windward side of Tobago are bordered by the Atlantic Ocean
  - C. The south coast of Trinidad is bordered by the Columbus Channel
  - D. The west coast of Trinidad is bordered by the Gulf of Mexico

- 3. If your family has a boat or you know someone who does, one good practice you would tell them in order to help protect the marine environment is to:
  - A. Dispose of all waste correctly
  - B. Throw all waste overboard
  - C. Pump oily bilge water overboard
  - D. Throw excess fuel into the water
- 4. Which of the following is sometimes considered part of the Windward Islands?
  - A. Saint Martin
  - B. Trinidad & Tobago
  - C. Anguilla
  - D. Guadeloupe
- 5. Who was the last Spanish governor of Trinidad?
  - A. Sir Ellis Clarke
  - B. Sir Solomon Hochoy
  - C. Don Jose Maria Chacon
  - D. Sir William Robinson

6.	Who won an Olympic gold medal for javelin in London in 2012 for Trinidac
	and Tobago?

- A. Gabrielle Walcott
- B. Derek Walcott
- C. Gregory Walcott
- D. Keshorn Walcott
- 7. Which of the following foods is indigenous to the Caribs?
  - A. Cassava bread
  - B. Naan
  - C. Calalloo
  - D. Arepas

8. \_\_I\_\_ was instrumental in the 1970s in blending Afro-Caribbean calypso with Indo-Trinidadian chutney music to create \_\_II\_\_ .

I II

A. Brother Resistance Rapso
B. Garfield Blackman (Lord Shorty) Soca
C. Isaac Blackman Jamoo

D. Samraj Jaimungal (Rikki Jai) Chutney-soca

- 9. An economy based on agricultural mass production, usually of a few commodity crops, grown on large farms or estates, is called:
  - A. Production economy
  - B. Central economy
  - C. Plantation economy
  - D. Slave economy

10. All of the following natural disasters afflict our Caribbean region, EXCEPT:
A. Hurricanes
B. Landslides
C. Flooding
D. Tornadoes
11. The migration or movement from a place, especially from your native
country in order to settle in another country is known as:
A. Interdependence
B. Immigration
C. Emigration
D. Conversation
12. Which of the following organisations has the responsibility for conducting
censuses in our country so that we can have information on the population?
A. The Environmental Management Authority
B. The Ministry of the People
C. The Central Statistical Office
D. The Institute of Marine Affairs

13. The composer of our National Anthem is:
A. Patrick Castagne
B. Patrick Stewart
C. Patrick Manning
D. Patrick Jones
14. Which of the following species of birds associated with our country is NOT
found in Trinidad?
A. The Corbeaux
B. The Hummingbird
C. The Scarlet Ibis
D. The Cocrico
15. This day of importance to Roman Catholics marls the first day of Lent and
falls about 40 days before Easter.
A. Corpus Christi
B. Pentecost
C. Advent
D Ash Wednesday

16.	All of the	following are	symbols associated	d with Corpus	Christi,	EXCEPT:

- A. Plate and chalice
- B. Grapes on a vine
- C. Bell
- D. Wheat

### 17. Trinidad and Tobago gained its independence from Great Britain on:

- A. August 1<sup>st</sup>, 1842
- B. April 22<sup>nd</sup>, 1492
- C. June 19<sup>th</sup>, 1960
- D. August 31st, 1962

## 18. All of the following are traditional Carnival characters, EXCEPT:









A. Pierrot Grenade

B. Jab Jab

C. Minstrels

D. Leprechaun

- 19. The anniversary of the day of the Butler Oilfield Riots which took place in 1937 is also known as:
  - A. Liberation Day
  - B. Emancipation Day
  - C. Labour Day
  - D. D-Day

- 20. All of the following are included in the Declaration of the Rights of the Child, EXCEPT:
  - A. You have the right to love and understanding, preferably from parents and family, but from the government where these cannot help
  - B. You have the right to be denied special care if handicapped in any way.
  - C. You have a right to a name and to be a member of a country
  - D. You have a right always to be among the first to get help

#### Instructions: Circle the letter that corresponds to the most accurate response

- 1. Which of the following terms is NOT associated with the Lesser Antilles?
  - A. Windward Islands
  - B. Leeward Islands
  - C. Windward Antilles
  - D. Leeward Antilles
- 2. The following is a map of the Caribbean. Identify the body of water represented by the letter X:



Trinidad & Tobago Social Studies for Primary School: Standard 3 Workbook - PCR Edition A. The Caribbean Sea B. The Atlantic Ocean C. The Columbus Channel D. The Pacific Ocean 3. If we overfish, ALL of the following are negative effects, EXCEPT? A. Depletion of fish stock B. Increase in the amount of sharks for food C. Decrease in the amount of sharks for food D. Extinction of fish species 4. Which of the following is the name of an uninhabited island among the Leeward Islands? A. Curação B. La Tortuga C. Redonda D. Saba

- 5. The first group of East Indians arrived on May 30<sup>th</sup>, 1845, aboard which ship?
  - A. Isla Margarita
  - B. Chaconia
  - C. Niña
  - D. Fatel Razack
- 6. Which of the following is a place name in Trinidad and Tobago of Amerindian origin?
  - A. Piarco
  - B. California
  - C. Santa Flora
  - D. Les Coteaux
- 7. There is a statue of this Amerindian chief in Arima.
  - A. Columbus
  - B. Hyarima
  - C. Athena
  - D. Chaconia



8.	All of	the following are religious festivals of European origin, EXCEPT:
	Α.	Lent
	В.	Christmas
	<i>C</i> .	The Santa Rosa Festival
	D.	Whit Sunday / Pentecost
9.	A sys	tem of government with a governor and an executive council was
	called	a:
	Α.	Bicameral government
	В.	Communist government
	C.	Republican government
	D.	Crown colony government
10	. Trinic	dad and Tobago is susceptible to negative effects from ALL of the
	follow	ving, EXCEPT:
	A.	Volcanoes
	В.	Flooding
	С.	Landslides
	D.	Earthquakes

11. Wh	en the number of people leaving a country is more than the number of
peo	ple migrating into the country, we call this:
,	A. Net gain
l	3. Brain drain
(	C. Interdependence
1	D. Net loss
12. The	flow of money into local households from relative working broad is
call	ed:
,	A. Remittances
I	3. Barrels
(	C. Migrants
1	D. Interdependence
13. Wh	ich colour of our National Flag represents the vitality of the land and
its	people?
,	A. Blue
l	B. Black
(	C. White
ı	D. Red

14. The Independence Pledge was written by:	

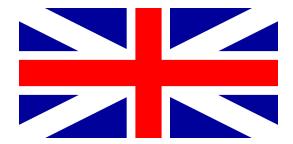
- A. Marjorie Padmore
- B. Mavis John
- C. Denise Plummer
- D. Beryl McBurnie

15. Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday are collectively known as:

- A. The Pentecost Tradition
- B. The Easter Triduum
- C. Lent
- D. Advent

16. Corpus Christi is well-known as a day for:

- A. Dancing
- B. Going to the beach
- C. Planting
- D. Fishing



#### 17. The flag above represents:

- A. Bermuda
- B. Canada
- C. Barbados
- D. Britain
- 18. The \_\_\_\_\_ were replaced by the steelpans in the 1930s.
  - A. Tamboo bamboo bands
  - B. Tassa drum bands
  - C. Old ion bands
  - D. Riddim sections

- 19. The first registered trade union in the country that represents the rights of those in the petroleum industry is the:
  - A. Contractors & General Workers Trade Union
  - B. Oilfield Workers Trade Union
  - C. Communication, Transport & General Workers Union
  - D. Aviation, Communication & Allied Workers Union
- 20. Which festival primarily highlights the dance, song, music and cuisine of Tobago?
  - A. Tobago Dragon Boat Festival
  - B. Carib Great Race
  - C. Tobago Heritage Festival
  - D. Tobago International Cycling Classic

## <u>Instructions</u>: Circle the letter that corresponds to the most accurate response

1. Which of the following is considered part of the Leeward Islands?
A. Water island
B. Trinidad and Tobago
C. Aruba
D. La Tortuga
2. Which of the following is NOT an important use of water for us?
A. Trade
B. Pollution
C. Recreation
D. Employment
3. World Ocean Day is celebrated annually on:
A. March 8 <sup>th</sup>
B. December 16 <sup>th</sup>
C. June 8 <sup>th</sup>
D. August 7 <sup>th</sup>

4.	During which months do people leave their colder countries to relax and
	enjoy the warm Caribbean weather and beaches?
	A. September, October, November
	B. March, April, May
	C. June, July, August
	D. December, January and February
5.	The first successful oil well in the world was drilled in 1857 in:
	A. La Brea
	B. Siparia
	C. Arima
	D. Princes Town
6.	ALL of the following place names in Trinidad and Tobago are of English
	origin, EXCEPT:
	A. Scarborough
	B. Couva
	C. Indian Walk

D. Monkey Town

7.	In the 1770s, the French planters brought which popular festival to
	Trinidad?
	A. The Santa Rosa Festival
	B. Hosay
	C. Carnival
	D. Divali
8.	commemorates the descent of the Holy Spirit upon the mother and
	followers of Jesus, approximately 50 days after His resurrection from
	the dead and 40 days after He ascended into Heaven.
	A. Lent
	B. Good Friday
	C. Corpus Christi
	D. Whit Sunday / Pentecost
9.	One sport that has united the Caribbean over the years is:
	A. Basketball
	B. Cricket
	C. Rugby
	D. Hockey

10. The name of the Hurricane that struck Tobago in 1963, destroying all its
plantations, is:
A. Ivan
B. Flora
C. Katrina
D. George
11. ALL of the following are primary reasons as to why persons may leave
Trinidad and Tobago, EXCEPT:
A. Cold weather
B. Job opportunities
C. High crime rate
D. Education
12. The Coat of Arms in Trinidad and Tobago was designed in:
A. 1492
B. 1962
C. 1990

D. 1838

13. Which colour of our National Flag represents the equality of all men and
women under the Sun?
A. Blue
B. Black
C. White
D. Red
14. The play,, illustrates the return of the Lord Rama and his wife,
Sita, to Ayodhya, after their 14-year exile.
A. Ramleela
B. Mecca
C. Ramayan
D. Hosay
15. Hot cross buns, goat and crab races, church services and bonnet parades
can be seen during which of the following?
A. Christmas
B. Hosay
C. Easter
D. Pentecost

- 16. \_\_I\_\_ is a festival of fun, where participants are squirted with brightly-dyed water, called \_\_II\_\_ .
  - I II
  - A. Hosay Saffron
  - B. Phagwa Abheer
  - C. Eid-ul-Fitr Abheer
  - D. Abheer Holi
- 17. Trinidad and Tobago became a Republic on:
  - A. August 01st, 1976
  - B. August 01st, 1985
  - C. August 31st, 1970
  - D. August 31st, 1990
- 18. Which of the following is celebrated on August 01st annually?
  - A. Emancipation Day
  - B. Independence Day
  - C. Republic Day
  - D. Arrival Day

- 19. The purpose of this day, celebrated on November 20<sup>th</sup>, annually, includes the acknowledgement of young people's rights and the promotion of togetherness.
  - A. World Wildlife Day
  - B. World Poetry Day
  - C. World Immunization Day
  - D. Universal Children's Day
- 20.In Trinidad & Tobago, the tradition of going to the cemetery to clean and light up the graves of deceased family members is done on which day?
  - A. Cinco de Mayo
  - B. Ash Wednesday
  - C. All Saints' Day
  - D. Corpus Christi

Question	Answer
1.	В
2.	В
3.	С
4.	D
5.	Α
6.	В
7.	С
8.	Q
9.	Α
10.	В
11.	Α
12.	В
13.	В
14.	С
15.	В
16.	D
17.	В
18.	D
19.	С
20.	В

Question	Answer
1.	Α
2.	С
3.	D
4.	Α
5.	В
6.	С
7.	D
8.	Α
9.	В
10.	С
11.	В
12.	Α
13.	С
14.	С
15.	С
16.	С
17.	Α
18.	Α
19.	С
20.	Α

Question	Answer
1.	Α
2.	D
3.	Α
4.	В
5.	С
6.	D
7.	Α
8.	В
9.	С
10.	D
11.	С
12.	С
13.	Α
14.	D
15.	D
16.	С
17.	D
18.	D
19.	С
20.	В

Question	Answer
1.	С
2.	Α
3.	В
4.	С
5.	D
6.	Α
7.	В
8.	С
9.	D
10.	Α
11.	D
12.	Α
13.	D
14.	Α
15.	В
16.	С
17.	D
18.	Α
19.	В
20.	С

Question	Answer
1.	Α
2.	В
3.	С
4.	Q
5.	Α
6.	В
7.	С
8.	D
9.	В
10.	В
11.	Α
12.	В
13.	С
14.	Α
15.	С
16.	В
17.	Α
18.	Α
19.	D
20.	С